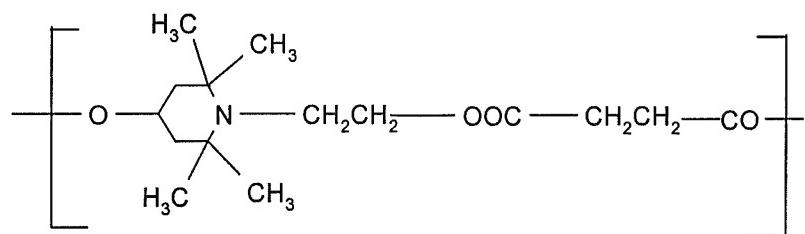


1-27. (cancelled).

28. (previously presented): A stabilizer mixture comprising a component a) and a component e) in a weight ratio of 1:1 wherein

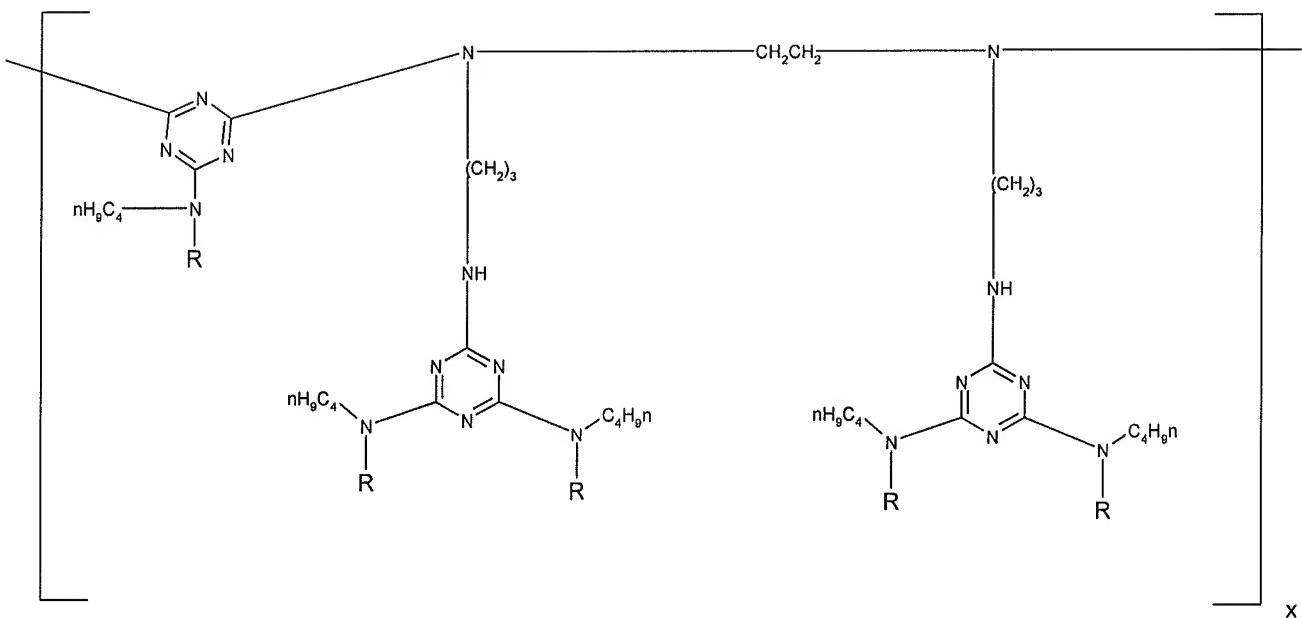
component a) is a product of the formula



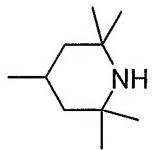
11-14

and

component e) is a product having the structural formula



wherein R is



and wherein x is a number such that the highest number average molecular weight (osmotic method) is 3200 and the lowest number average molecular weight (osmotic method) is 2900.

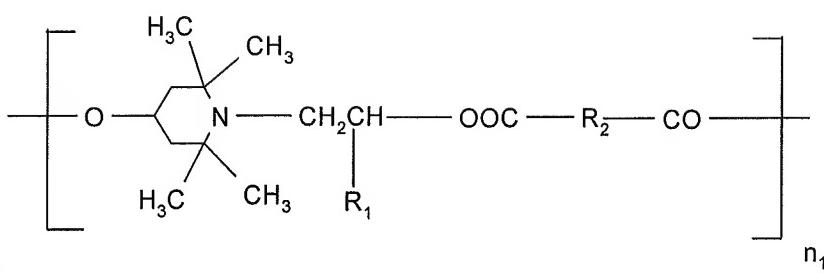
29. (new): A stabilizer mixture comprising a component a) and a component e) in a weight ratio of 1:1
wherein

component a) is TINUVIN 622[®] and

component e) is UVASORB HA 88[®].

30. (new): A stabilizer mixture comprising a component a) and a component e)
wherein

component a) is at least one compound of the formula



wherein

R_1 is hydrogen or methyl,

R_2 is a direct bond or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkylene, and

n_1 is a number from 2-50, and

component e) is UVASORB HA 88[®]

the weight ratio between component a) and component e) being from about 20:1 to about 1:20.

31. (new): A stabilizer mixture according to claim 30, wherein the weight ratio between component a) and component e) is 5:1 to 1:5.

32. (new): A stabilizer mixture according to claim 30, wherein the weight ratio between component a) and component e) is 1:1.

33. (new): A stabilizer mixture according to claim 30, wherein R_1 is hydrogen, R_2 is ethylene and n_1 is a number from 2 to 25.

34. (new): A composition comprising an organic material which is sensitive to oxidative, thermal or light-induced degradation and a stabilizer mixture according to claim 30.

35. (new): A composition according to claim 34, in which the organic material is a polyolefin.

36. (new): A composition according to claim 34, in which the organic material is polyethylene, polypropylene or a copolymer of polyethylene or polypropylene.

37. (new): A process for stabilizing an organic material which is sensitive to oxidative, thermal or light-induced degradation, which comprises incorporating a stabilizer mixture according to claim 30 into the organic material.

38. (new): A composition comprising an organic material which is sensitive to oxidative, thermal or light-induced degradation and a stabilizer mixture according to claim 33.

39. (new): A composition according to claim 38, in which the organic material is a polyolefin.

40. (new): A composition according to claim 38, in which the organic material is polyethylene, polypropylene or a copolymer of polyethylene or polypropylene.

41. (new): A process for stabilizing an organic material which is sensitive to oxidative, thermal or light-induced degradation, which comprises incorporating a stabilizer mixture according to claim 33 into the organic material.